		(Original Signature of Member)
117TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION	H.R.	

To require the Comptroller General of the United States to conduct an analysis of the costs of converting light-duty vehicles in the Federal fleet to electric vehicles, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Mr.	FEENSTRA	introduced	the	following	bill;	which	was	referred	to	the
	Com	${\rm mittee\ on\ _}$								

A BILL

To require the Comptroller General of the United States to conduct an analysis of the costs of converting lightduty vehicles in the Federal fleet to electric vehicles, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Comparison of Sus-
- 5 tainable Transportation Act" or the "COST Act".

1	SEC. 2. COST ANALYSIS OF CONVERTING FEDERAL FLEET
2	TO ELECTRIC VEHICLES.
3	(a) Cost Analysis.—The Comptroller General of
4	the United States shall conduct—
5	(1) an analysis of the costs of replacing the
6	light-duty vehicles in the Federal fleet that are
7	fueled by gasoline with electric vehicles, including
8	plug-in hybrid electric vehicles; and
9	(2) an analysis of the costs of replacing the
10	light-duty vehicles in the Federal fleet that are
11	fueled by gasoline with flex-fuel ethanol vehicles.
12	(b) Inclusions.—Each analysis conducted under
13	subsection (a) shall include the costs necessary for deploy-
14	ment of infrastructure for each applicable type of electric
15	vehicle or flex-fuel ethanol vehicle that it is feasible to be
16	used in the Federal fleet nationwide.
17	(c) Publication.—Not later than 1 year after the
18	date of enactment of this Act, the Comptroller General
19	shall publish online the cost analyses conducted under sub-
20	section (a).
21	SEC. 3. ANALYSIS OF LIFECYCLE EMISSIONS OF E85 CAPA-
22	BLE FLEX-FUEL AND ELECTRIC VEHICLES.
23	(a) Analysis.—The Secretary of Energy, utilizing
24	the most recent Greenhouse gases, Regulated Emissions,
25	and Energy use in Transportation model (commonly re-
26	ferred to as the "GREET model") developed by Argonne

1	National Laboratory, shall conduct a lifecycle analysis of
2	greenhouse gas emissions from each of the following types
3	of vehicles:
4	(1) A conventional gasoline vehicle.
5	(2) An E85 capable flex-fuel vehicle.
6	(3) A battery electric vehicle.
7	(b) REPORT.—Not later than 1 year after the date
8	of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Energy shall
9	submit to the Committee on Science, Space, and Tech-
10	nology of the House of Representatives, and the Com-
11	mittee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the
12	Senate a report on the lifecycle analyses conducted under
13	subsection (a).
14	SEC. 4. DEFINITIONS.
15	In this Act:
16	(1) E85.—The term "E85" means a fuel con-
17	taining 85 percent ethanol and 15 percent gasoline.
18	(2) FEDERAL FLEET.—The term "Federal
19	fleet" means the fleet of Federally owned or oper-
20	ated motor vehicles as reported in the most recent
21	Federal Fleet Report of the General Services Admin-
22	istration.
23	(3) Light-duty vehicle.—The term "light-
24	duty vehicle" means a vehicle with a gross vehicle
25	weight rating of less than or equal to 8,500 pounds.